

Lecturer Pakistan Studies

(Education)



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Lecturer Pakistan Studies

Q.1: The first Pakistani Prime minister to visit China was

- A. Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan
- B. Khwaja Nazimuddin
- C. Chaudhry Muhammad Ali
- D. **Hossain Shahed Suharwardy**

Q.2: What is not an indicator for resources distribution under the 7th National Finance commission Award :

- A. Population
- B. **Area**
- C. Backwardness
- D. Revenue collection

Q.3: Which bank gave a Rs 80 million loan to the government of Pakistan on the request of Quaid e Azam when the reserve bank of India failed to deliver Pakistan`s share ?

- A. World Bank
- B. **Habib Bank Limited**
- C. United Bank Limited
- D. Muslim Commercial Bank

Q.4: According to the constitution of Pakistan , levying sales tax on services is :

- A. the responsibility of the federation
- B. the responsibility of FBR
- C. **the responsibility of provinces**
- D. joint responsibility of the federation and the provinces

Q.5: All private banks were nationalized by the Govt of Pakistan in :

- A. 1947
- B. 1965
- C. 1971
- D. **1974**

Q.6: Pakistan`s largest gas field is :

- A. **sui gas field**
- B. Qadirpur gas field
- C. Toot gas field
- D. Sawan gas field

Q.7: The foundation stone of the Sikhism holiest place " Golden Temple " at Amritsar was laid by :

- A. Guru Nanak Dev Ji
- B. Khwaja Ghareeb Nawaz
- C. Acharya Rakeshprasad Pande
- D. **Hazrat Mian Mir**

Q.8: Ruins of Mohenjo-daro are located in district :

- A. Dadu
- B. **Larkana**
- C. Khairpur
- D. Sahiwal

Q.9: MAJMA UL BAHARAIN or The Mingling of two ocean was authored by :

- A. Jalal ud din Muhammad Akbar
- B. Mujadid Alf e Sani
- C. **Muhammad Dara Shikuh**
- D. Shah Waliullah

Q.10: Under the 7th National Finance mission award , the provincial share of the divisible pool in the first year of NFO(2010-2011) has increased from 47.5% to :

- A. 51%
- B. 57.5%
- C. 53%
- D. **56%**

Q.11: Shaikh Ahmad Farooqi is also known by the title of :

- A. Mujadid Alf e Sani
- B. Imam e Rubani
- C. Shaykh Sirhindi
- D. **All of the above**

Q.12: The doctrine of " Wahdat ash shuhud " was propounded by Shaikh Sirhindi to counter " Wahdat al- Wujud which had been advanced by :

- A. Mujadid alf e Sani
- B. **Muhyiuddin ibn Arabi**
- C. Al Hassan Ibn Al Haltam
- D. Khwaja Nizam al Mulk al Tusi

Q.13: Indus river falls into Arabian sea near :

- A. Karachi
- B. Badin
- C. Mithankot
- D. **Thatta**

Q.14: Hazrat Shaikh Ali Bin Usman Hajweri came to India during the time of :

- A. Mughals
- B. Khiljis
- C. Tughlaq
- D. **Ghaznavi**

Q.15: Akbar was a great builder He constructed and founded :

- A. Agra fort
- B. Gujrat fort
- C. Tomb of Humayun
- D. **All of these**

Q.16: The first chief justice of Pakistan was :

- A. M. Munir
- B. S.A Rehman
- C. **Mian Abdul Rasheed**
- D. Fazal Akbar

Q.17: Anjuman-e- Himayt-e-Islam was established on 24 Dec

- A. 1880
- B. 1882
- C. **1884**
- D. 1886

Q.18: The Mohmmad Educational conference was founded in :

- A. 1884
- B. **1886**
- C. 1890
- D. 1891

Q.19: The current governor of state bank of Pakistan is :

- A. Saleem Raza
- B. Shahid Kardar
- C. Dr Ishrat Hussain
- D. **None of these**

Q.20: Maulana Kalam Azad launched :

- A. Comrade
- B. **Al-Hilal**
- C. Ideology
- D. Muslim Defense

Q.21: The Jallianwala Bagh incident took place on 13th April

- A. 1913
- B. 1915
- C. 1917
- D. **1919**

Q.22: The Pamphlet " Now or Never " was written by :

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. **Chaudhry Rahmat Ali**
- C. Quaid-e-Azam
- D. Sir Syed

Q.23: Which of the following term was not agreed by the british following the Gandhi Irwin pact of 1931:

- A. Lifting of ban over Congress
- B. **Complete abolition of Tax on Salt production in India**
- C. Permitting peaceful picketing of liquor and foreign cloth shops
- D. Restoration of the confiscated properties of the Satyagrahis

Q.24: Osama Bin Laden was killed by the US forces on :

- A. **2 nd may 2011**
- B. 2nd June 2011
- C. 21 March 2011
- D. 21st April 2011

Q.25: The main purpose of the " communal Award" announced by the british Prime Minister Ramsay Macdonald on 4 August 1932 was :

- A. **To grant separate electorates to minority communities in India, including muslims , Sikhs, and Dalits in India**
- B. To grant and separate pay scales to different communities in government services in India
- C. To grant award to distinguished members of minority communities in India including Muslims , Sikhs and Dalits .
- D. All of the above

Q.26: The head of district govt under the local Govt Ordinance 2001 is known as :

- A. District coordination officer
- B. **Zila Nazim**
- C. Deputy Commissioner
- D. Zila Khadim

Q.27: At the time of Independence from the British , Indian sub continent comprised of princely or Natives states which numbered :

- A. 596
- B. 540
- C. 323
- D. **562**

Q.28: Who became president of Pakistan at the time of independence in 1947

- A. Quaid-e-Azam
- B. Sikandar Mirza
- C. Liaqat Ali Khan
- D. **None of these**

Q.29: Provincial election were held in East Pakistan :

- A. 1951
- B. 1952
- C. 1953
- D. **1954**

Q.30: One unit was established in :

- A. 1954
- B. **1955**
- C. 1956
- D. 1957

Q.31: Allama Iqbal qualified as ph.d scholar from :

- A. Punjab university , Lahore
- B. Oxford University , UK
- C. Cambridge University , U.K
- D. **Munich university , Germany**

Q.32: FATA comprises of :

- A. 6 Tribal Agencies and 7 frontier Region
- B. 7 Tribal Agencies and 9 frontier Region
- C. **7 Tribal Agencies and 6 frontier Region**
- D. 6 Tribal Agencies and 4 frontier Region

Q.33: Maulana Abdul Hamid Khan Bhashani was a great advocate of :

- A. Islam
- B. Feudalism
- C. **Communism**
- D. Colonialism

Q.34: under the 1973 constitution of Pakistan , the term of members of senate is :

- A. 5 years
- B. **6 years**
- C. 7 years
- D. 8 years

Q.35: Which of the following is not a member of ECO

- A. Pakistan
- B. Afghanistan
- C. **Chechnya**
- D. Kazakhstan

Q.36: " Jinnah of Pakistan " a famous book was written by :

- A. Ishtiaq Hussain Qurashi
- B. **Stanley Walport**
- C. K.B Sayeed
- D. K.K Aziz

Q.37: Which of the following is not a correct statement about Tribal areas :

- A. No act of Parliament is generally applicable to any FATA
- B. President of Pakistan can make a law applicable to a tribal Area by Passing a direction to that effect
- C. **Before making a law applicable to a tribal area , President has to consult a tribal jirga representing that tribal area**
- D. The Jurisdiction of supreme court of Pakistan or high courts is generally not applicable to the tribal areas

Q.38: Islamabad was made Capital of Pakistan in the year :

- A. 1956
- B. 1957
- C. 1959
- D. **1960**

Q.39: R.C.D was re-established with the name of

- A. OECD
- B. **ECO**
- C. OIC
- D. SAARC

Q.40: Sultanate Oman ceded the Gawadar enclave to Pakistan in :

- A. 1960
- B. 1956
- C. **1958**
- D. 1961

Q.41: The Delhi convention held at delhi on 8th 9th April , 1946 was gathering of :

- A. Prominent leaders from the all India Muslim league and Indian National Congress to chart out a joint course of action for gaining independence
- B. newly elected legislator from all religious denominations demanding independence from the British Empire
- C. apolitical Muslim and Hindu intellectual and members of the civil society to demand an independent voice for the silent majority
- D. **newly elected muslims legislators of the central and provincial Assemblies for demanding the `Sovereign independent state of Pakistan**

Q.42: There are principal crop season in Pakistan :

- A. **2**
- B. 4
- C. 6
- D. None of these

Q.43: The first country to accept Pakistan Independence was :

- A. Iran
- B. Saudi Arabia
- C. Turkey
- D. China

Q.44: under the amended 1973 constitution of Pakistan legislative powers not specified in the federal legislative list belong to the :

- A. Provinces
- B. President through promulgation of ordinance
- C. Parliament
- D. Council of Common Interests

Q.45: In 1947 , the tahsil of was separated from district Gurdaspur and transferred to Pakistan under the Radcliff Award

- A. Kusr
- B. Narowal
- C. Pasrur
- D. Shkargarh

Q.46: The Eighth Amendment to the 1973 constitution gave the president powers to :

- A. dissolve the National Assembly
- B. impeach the chief Justice
- C. Dissolve the senate
- D. remove the chairman senate

Q.47: The Indian budget for financial years 1947-1948 was presented by :

- A. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
- B. Nawab Zada Liaqat Ali Khan
- C. Sardar Abdul Rab Nishtar
- D. John Mathai

Q.48: Under the 1962 Constitution , the official language of Pakistan was declared as :

- A. Urdu
- B. Beganli
- C. English
- D. Both A and B

Q.49: Bolan pass a mountain pass in Balochistan passes through the :

- A. Kirthar Range
- B. Sulaiman range
- C. Toba Kakar Range
- D. Chaghi Range

Q.50: The Pakistan Resolution was translated in Urdu by :

- A. maulana Zafar Ali Khan
- B. Nawab Zada Liaqat Ali Khan
- C. Sir Zafarullah Khan
- D. Maulvi A.K. Fazl ul Haq

Q.51: The most significant aspects of the Simla Agreement of 1972 signed between India and Pakistan is that both agreed :

- A. to renounce the use of nuclear weapons against each other
- B. **to settle their difference by peaceful means through bilateral negotiations**
- C. to declare South Asia as a nuclear free zone
- D. to settle the Kashmir dispute by holding a plebiscite under the UN auspices

Q.52: In the final Anglo Mysore War of 1779 , the forces of East India company received no assistance from :

- A. Marathas
- B. Nizam of Hyderabad
- C. Mir Sadiq
- D. **Napolean**

Q.53: The only govt in India headed by the All India Muslim League in 1946 was that of :

- A. Sindh
- B. Punjab
- C. **Bengal**
- D. North West Frontier Province

Q.54: " Majha" is a region of the Punjab comprising the modern districts of Amritsar , Gurdaspur and Tarn Tarn in the Indian State of Punjab and in the Pakistani province of Punjab it includes :

- A. Rahim Yar Khan ,Rajapur and DG Khan
- B. **Narowal, Lahore Kasur**
- C. Khanewal , Multan and Vehari
- D. Faisalabad , Toba Tek Singh and Sargodha

Q.55: The only Govt In India headed by All India Muslim League in 1946 was led by

- A. Khan Abdul Qayyum Khan
- B. Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah
- C. Nawab Iftikhar Hussain Mamdot
- D. **Huseyn Shaheed Suhrawardi**

Q.56: Majha" is a region of the Punjab comprising the modern districts of Amritsar, Gurdaspur and Tarn Taran in the Indian State of Punjab and in the Pakistani Province of Punjab it includes

- A. Rahim Yar Khan, Rajapur & D.G Khan
- B. Narowal, Lahore and Kasur
- C. **Khanewal Multan and Vehari**
- D. Faisalabad, Toba Tek Singh and Sargodha

Q.57: Allama Iqbal `s famous address at Allahabad was delivered to the session of all India Muslim League

- A. 14th
- B. 32th
- C. **21th**
- D. 30th

Q.58: "Day of Deliverance was observed on:

- A. 23rd March 1940
- B. 14th August 1947
- C. 15th August 1940
- D. **22nd December 1939**

Q.59: Which of the following was not a stated objective of the Aligarh movement

- A. To clarify the British that Muslims alone were not responsible for the 1857 revolt against them
- B. to persuade Muslims to learn the english language and Western Sciences
- C. **To prepare modern Muslims leadership for achieving a separate homeland**
- D. to reinterpret teaching of Islam and bring them in harmony with modern knowledge

Q.60: The Govt of India was taken over by the British Crown in :

- A. **1858**
- B. 1857
- C. 1849
- D. None of these

Q.61: Gwadar port was built with financial assistance from :

- A. Singapore
- B. **China**
- C. Oman
- D. Saudi Arabia

Q.62: In 1947 , the ruler of princely State of Jammu Kashmir was :

- A. Gulab Singh
- B. Zorawar Singh
- C. Ranbir Singh
- D. **Hari Singh**

Q.63: Sir Sikandar Hayat became Chief Minister of the Punjab?

- A. **1937**
- B. 1929
- C. 1946
- D. 1935

Q.64: The cease fire line that separate Indian occupied Kashmir from the Aksai Chin held by China is known as the :

- A. Mc Mahon line
- B. Line of Control
- C. **Line of Actual control**
- D. Working boundary

Q.65: The Governor of former NWFP at the time independence of Pakistan in 1947 was: of

- A. Sir Olaf Caroe
- B. Sir George Cunningham
- C. Henry Grady
- D. **Rob Lockhart**

Q.66: Famous Punjabi writer Waris Shah wrote his famous book: Heer Ranjha living at the town of:

- A. Harbasnpura
- B. **Malka Hans**
- C. Takht Hazara
- D. Jhang

Q.67: The mother tongue of Quaid e Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah was :

- A. Sindhi
- B. Punjabi
- C. Seraiki
- D. **Gujrati**

Q.68: Professional Qualification of Quaid e Azam was :

- A. M.A
- B. B.A LL .B.
- C. **Bar at law**
- D. Ph.d

Q.69: The chairman of the Council of Common Interests is the?

- A. President
- B. Chief Justice of Pakistan
- C. **Prime Minister of Pakistan**
- D. Attorney General

Q.70: Pakistan men's Hockey Team has won the Asian Games gold medal___ times?

- A. Five
- B. Four
- C. Nine
- D. **Eight**

Q.71: Jinnah Sikandar pact was signed in October 1937 at :

- A. Lahore
- B. Ludhiana
- C. **Lucknow**
- D. Jalandhar

Q.72: Rohtas fort was built on the order of Shah Suri by :

- A. **Raja Todar Mal**
- B. Bairam Khan
- C. Abul Fazal
- D. Raja BirBal

Q.73: The Famous Babr-nama authored by emperor Babar was written in which language ?

- A. Persian
- B. Turkish
- C. **Chagatai**
- D. Dari

Q.74: All India Muslim Students Federation was formed in 1937 by :

- A. Sardar Abdul Rab Nishtar
- B. **Raja Sahib Mahmudabad**
- C. Raja Ghazanfar Ali Khan
- D. Nawab Bahadur Yar Jang

Q.75: Bengal was divided in 1905 during the time of :

- A. **Lord Curzon**
- B. Hardinge
- C. Ripon
- D. Lord Wavell

Q.76: Sylhet district at the time of partition was part of the province of :

- A. Bengal
- B. **Assam**
- C. Bihar
- D. United provinces

Q.77: The Headquarter of SAARC is located in :

- A. Karachi
- B. Colombo
- C. Dhaka
- D. **kathmandu**

Q.78: The first commander in chief of Pakistan Army was :

- A. **General Sir Frank Meservy**
- B. Rare Admiral Jafford James Wilfred
- C. General Muhammad Ayub Khan
- D. General Muhammad Mosa Khan

Q.79: The first Chief Minister of Punjab after creation of Pakistan was :

- A. Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan
- B. **Nawab Iftikhar Hussan Mamdot**
- C. Mian Mumtaz Khan Daultana
- D. Nawab Sir Khizar Hayat Tiwana

Q.80: The National language of Pakistan :

- A. English
- B. **Urdu**
- C. Both English and urdu
- D. Punjabi

Q.81: The Language used in Govt offices in Pakistan is

- A. **English**
- B. Urdu
- C. Punjabi
- D. Urdu and Punjabi

Q.82: The tune of National Anthem of the Pakistan was composed by :

- A. Khwaja Khurshed Anwar
- B. Naushad Ali
- C. Sohail Rana
- D. **Ahmad G . Chagla**

Q.83: Hazara division of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa provinces comprises five districts including Abbotabad , Battagram, Mansehra and :

- A. Mardan
- B. Mingora
- C. **Haripur**
- D. Khanpur

Q.84: The predominant language spoken in Hazara region is :

- A. **Hindko**
- B. Hazargi
- C. Kohistan
- D. Pashto

Q.85: Pakistan recognised people`s republic of China in :

- A. 1951
- B. 1949
- C. **1950**
- D. 1948

Q.86: "Marghalla Hills" are a part of which mountain range ?

- A. Karakoram range`
- B. Hindu kash
- C. **Himalyas**
- D. Western Ghats

Q.87: 28 May is celebrated each year as Yaum-e- Talkbeer " because of which incident :

- A. Kargil conflict between India and Pakistan commenced
- B. **Nuclear test were conducted by Pakistan**
- C. Ojhri camp incident took place at Rawalpindi
- D. Uprising erupted in Kashmir against Indian Occupation

Q.88: Sher Shah Suri built the Rohtas fort at the bank of river :

- A. Sutluj
- B. Jhelum
- C. **Kahan**
- D. Soan

Q.89: The first Pakistani to hoist the Pakistani flag at the North and South pole is :

- A. Nazir Sabir
- B. Saima Salim
- C. **Namira Salim**
- D. Ashraf Aman

Q.90: Tilla Jogian " is :

- A. Is a peak in the Sulaiman Range
- B. **finds mention in the epic love poem Heer Ranjha of Waris Shah**
- C. Is the place where Buddha is said to have spent 40 days in quiet seclusion
- D. All of the above

Q.91: Doaba Rachna is located between the river Chenab and River :

- A. **Ravi**
- B. Jhelum
- C. Indus
- D. Beas

Q.92: According to the constitution of Pakistan , levying of sales tax on services is :

- A. **the responsibility of the federation**
- B. the responsibility of FBR
- C. the responsibility of provinces
- D. joint responsibility of the federation and the provinces

Q.93: The name of delta formed by the Indus River is :

- A. **Sapta Sindhu**
- B. Panjnad
- C. Sunderban Delta
- D. Brahmaputra

Q.94: The pass which connects Pakistan with China is known as :

- A. Khojak Pass
- B. **Khunjrab Pass**
- C. Shandur Pass
- D. Peiwas Kotal pass

Q.95: The pass which connects Pakistan with China is known as

- A. Khojak Pass
- B. **Khunjrab Pass**
- C. Shandur Pass
- D. Peiwas Kotal Pass

Q.96: Kallar Kahar Lake is located in which district ?

- A. Jhelum
- B. Mianwali
- C. **Chakwal**
- D. Bhakkar

Q.97: Moghul Prince Muhammad Dara Shikoh who was executed for being an apostate by his own brother Aurangzeb was disciple of :

- A. Shah Abdul Latif Bhittai
- B. **Hazrat Mian Mir**
- C. Shah Waliullah Muhaddith Dehlvi
- D. Guru Har Rai

Q.98: Multan is also affectionately known as :

- A. City of Dust
- B. City of Suhan halwa
- C. City of Mosques
- D. **City of Saints**

Q.99: The main justification for introducing eighteenth amendment was :

- A. to introduce a transparent mechanism for appointment of judges
- B. to establish a new high court at Islamabad
- C. **to grant maximum legislative and fiscal autonomy to provinces**
- D. to grant a central role to the council of common interest for regulating the relation between center and the provinces

Q.100: The last ruler of Bahawalpur state was :

- A. Salahuddin Abbasi
- B. **Ameer Sadiq Muhammad -v**
- C. Sardar Mahmud Khan
- D. Nawab Sir Sadiq Muhammad Khan Abasi IV

Lecturer Pakistan Studies (Answer Key)

1. D	2. B	3. B	4. C	5. D	6. A	7. D	8. B	9. C	10. D
11. D	12. B	13. D	14. D	15. D	16. C	17. C	18. B	19. D	20. B
21. D	22. B	23. B	24. A	25. A	26. B	27. D	28. D	29. D	30. B
31. D	32. C	33. C	34. B	35. C	36. B	37. C	38. D	39. B	40. C
41. D	42. A	43. A	44. A	45. D	46. A	47. B	48. D	49. C	50. A
51. B	52. D	53. C	54. B	55. D	56. C	57. C	58. D	59. C	60. A
61. B	62. D	63. A	64. C	65. D	66. B	67. D	68. C	69. C	70. D
71. C	72. A	73. C	74. B	75. A	76. B	77. D	78. A	79. B	80. B
81. A	82. D	83. C	84. A	85. C	86. C	87. B	88. C	89. C	90. B
91. A	92. A	93. A	94. B	95. B	96. C	97. B	98. D	99. C	100. B